His Special Counsel Has Difficulty in Reducing Statement To Specific Charges.

NOT ONE ACT BUT VERY MANY

Colloquies Between Attorney and Members of Committee Indicate Much Wrangling Ahead.

Washington, Jan. 26.-The Ballinger-Pinchot congressional inquiry began its public sessions today, with Ballinger, on the witness stand

As a result of many interruptions and the final decision of the committee to insist that Glavis's counse make an opening statement of the specific charges against Mr. Ballinger, the witness did not get far in his narrative. There was opportunity, however, to draw some conclusions as to the preliminary line-up of the com-

mittee.

In his enthusiasm over the actual beginning of the inquiry to argue his view of the testimony to be adducd, the special counsel for Glavis, Louis D. Brandeis of Boston, had some difficulty in reducing his statement to a brief recital of the charges, but finally he summed up the 'case for the prosecution' in this way:

PROSECUTION'S CASE.

PROSECUTION'S CASE.

"That, prior to entering the government service in any capacity, R. A. Ballinger acted as attorney in drawing up an agreement in escrow and deeds in the Wilson coal company cases in Lewis county, Washington, these cases being an alleged fraud upon the land laws. Mr. Ballinger's name did not appear in court records of the case.

"That Mr. Ballinger, as commissioner of the land office in 1907, did not show due diligence in investigating alleged frauds connected with the Cunningham coal land claims in Alaska, that he had knowledge of all circumstances surrounding these claims, and in spite of this, entered the employ of one of the claimants after leaving the land office and before becoming secretary of the interior; that he ordered these claims

WHOOPING COUGH

is not a trifling disease. With the cough spasms, straining of the chest and stomach, there is always a loss of strength and flesh that ordinary food cannot restore.

Scott's Emulsion heals the inflamed bronchial tubes, relieves the cough and

nourishes the child.
It is the food-medicine parexcellence in this disease. ALL DRUGGISTS

Send 10c., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch-Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny. SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.

to be 'clear listed' for patent without due investigation, and that they
would have gone to patent if Glavis
and others had not intervened."

"It is not any one, but a series
of acts and circumstances," declared
Brandies, adding that it was for the
committee to determine whether the
lands "that should be held for the
benefit of the people and of posterity,
are in safe hands."
Senators Neison, Root and Suther-

benefit of the people and of posterity, are in safe hands."

Senators Nelson, Root and Sutherland and Representatives Olmstead and Madison were the more active of the committeemen in plying the witness and his attorney with questions. Many times they referred to Secy. Rallinger's denials and sought explanation of what they considered discrepancies in statements.

Democratic members were not much in evidence. Representative James asked only a question or two, and in each instance only to clarify some point at issue. Representative Graham the other Democrat, took issue with Senator Nelson in the final minutes of the hearing, and declared that, in a certain instance, the burden of proof was upon the secretary of the interior rather than upon the accusing witness.

The inquiry will be resumed Friday.

witness.

The inquiry will be resumed Friday morning, and hereafter there will be morning and afternoon sittings every Friday and Saturday.

GLAVIS AND PINCHOT ON HAND. Mr. Glavis was early on hand Mr. Pinchot came in with Messrs. Price and Shaw and their attorneys. Special Attorney Henry L. Stimson of the department of justice, stationed at New York, also accompanied Mr. Pinchot. He said he was present merely as a spectator and friend of the former forseter.

Senator Nelson of Minnesota presid-

Rheumatic

"During the last two years I suffered terribly

with rheumatism. I could get no relief until I tried Sloan's Liniment. It stopped the pain and sore-

ness at once. I heartily

recommend it to others.' Mr. J. P. Antcliffe, 36 E. Court Street, Cincinnati, O.

For

"Sloan's Liniment is a splendid remedy for rheumatism. There is nothing its equal."—Mr. J. P. Culver, Glenoby,

SIOANS

ciatica, sprains, cramp or colic, sore throat, hoarseness and

pains in chest or lungs - very penetrating. You don't have

Prices, 25c., 50c., and \$1.00.

LAME BACK AND BLADDER MISERY.

MAKES KIDNEYS ACT FINE ENDING

from kidney or bladder trouble who tic. Misery in the back, sides or loins.

sick headache, nervousness, rheuma-tism pains, heart palpitations, dizzi-

ness, sleeplessness, inflamed or swollen eyelids, lack of energy and all symp toms of out-of-order kidneys simply vanish.

Uncontrollable urination (especially at night), smarting, offensive and discolored water and other bladder misery ends.

Pains

ing, sat at the end of a long mahogany table. On the right-hand side of the table sat the six house members. On the left were the senators.

Questioned by his own counsel, Glavis charged that when the escrow agreement in the Wilson case was drawn up by Ballinger it was an unlawful proceeding and the entryman had no right at the time to enter into this agreement. The agreement, however, never was signed.

at the time to enter the target and the time to enter the agreement, however, never was signed.

Glavis said the information came to him second-handed, as a stipulation had been entered into by the government counsel in the Wilson cases and the attorneys for the claimants, whereby the name of Mr. Ballinger was not to appear. The witness said the records would bear him out.

The counsel for the government consisted of P. C. Sullivan and Henry M. Hoyt. The proceedings against the Wilson claimants are still pending. Glavis claimed Ballinger's participation amounted to a conspiracy in a fraudulent claim against the government.

"What, if anything, do you claim to have seen amiss in the administration of the public lands?" asked the senator.

Glavis said he could not answer the

Glavis said he could not answer the question briefly.

"Go ahead and tell it all in your owr way," directed Senator Nelson.

GLAVIS NERVOUS.

GLAVIS NERVOUS.

Glavis was a triffe nervous as he began. He talks with quite a lisp. He commenced by going back to the time when he began work as a field agent of the land office on the Wilson Coal company cases in Lewis county, Washington, in 1901 and 1902. Mr. Ballinger, he said, was attorney for the Wilson Coal company.

Glavis said he referred to those cases as leading up to the Alaska claims, which formed the principal subject of the inquiry.

Senator Nelson frequently interrupted the narrative to bring out more clearly some of the points.

Glavis declared that Ballinger's name did not appear in the court records of the Washington coal claims, and that he did not appear in court at any time.

he did not appear in court at any time The witness said Mr. Ballinger, how-

The witness said Mr. Ballinger, how-ever, drew up an escrow agreement, and prepared the deeds for the claim-ants in the Wison cases. Ballinger had no government connec-tion at the time of this. Glavis next turned to the Alaska coal fields and described in detail the loca-tion and extent of the Cunningham claims.

After Glavis had proceeded for half an hour or more, going into the details of the Cunningham claims, Representa-tive Denby of Michigan interrupted

hlm.
Representative James of Kentucky (Dem.) said he thought the witness should be allowed to proceed in his own way.
Representative Graham of Illinois (Dem.) suggested that Glavis's counsel should make the statement. This course finally was decided upon, and Atty. Brandels arose to address the

He said Glavis's attention first was called to the fraudulds He said Glavis's attention first was called to the fraudulent coal land claims when he was in Seattle as chief of field division in 1907—Ballinger at that time was commissioner of the land office. Glavis heard that a number of prominent people in Seattle were interested in the fraudulent claims in Alaska. He met Special Agent Jones of the land office, who was on his way to Alaska to investigate the Alaska claims.

to Alaska to investigate the Alaska claims.
When Jones, after a preliminary investigation, returned to Seattle in August, 1907, he was directed to report at once to Commissioner Ballinger, who was in Seattle at the time PROSECUTION'S CLAIM.

PROSECUTION'S CLAIM.

"We claim," said Mr. Brandels,
"Comissioner Bailinger thereupon
modified the orders which had been
given to Jones by Asst. Commissioner
Dennett to make a 'full and thorough
investigation' to making 'only a part'
investigation, taking only one or two
affidavits in each group, instead of
fully covering the matter.

"Mr. Ballinger also stated that if
patents could not be granted on the
lands as matters stood, relief would be
requested of Congress. Jones had been
sent to Alaska because Special Agent
Love of the department, who had
jurisdiction, lived in Alaska, and was
more or less closely identified with his
claimants. Love, however, aided Jones
in his work.

"There were repeated conferences in

in his work.
"There were repeated conferences in
Seattle between Jones and Ballinger,
and various directions were given by
Ballinger, both to Jones and Love.
There was a full discussion as to the
rights, legality and fraud of the Alaska claims."

There was a full discussion as to the rights, legality and fraud of the Alaska claims."

Mr. Brandeis then went more briefly into the Glavis charges against Ballinger as presented to President Taft and acted upon by him. He said recommendations by Glavis and Jones in the Alaska case were not acted on by Commissioner Ballinger. Glavis sought an affidavit from a man mamed Davis. Davis said he had talked the matter over with Ballinger, and had been told not to make an statement.

After this Glavis came to Washington and urged on the land office the danger of scandal in the Alaska cases. He then was directed to proceed with a full investigation. Soon after he left Washington, however, ex-Governor Miles C. Moore came here to see Ballinger—to see if the claims could not be hurried to patent.

Senator Nelson charged the attorney with withholding the fact that Moore was referred to the assistant secretary of the interior.

Mr. Brandels said Senator Nelson was mistaken and was thinking of Ballinger's action in May, 1909, as secretary of the interior, while he was speaking of Ballinger's action as commissioner of the land office in 1907.

"I am stating what is distinctly a fact and about which there can be no question," said Mr. Brandels.

"In January, 1908," he continued, "Glavis heard that Ballinger had ordered the Cunningham claims to clear listing for patent. He at once telegraphed asking that this action be suspended and came on to Washington. He said he had just obtained possession of the Cunningham pournal, which bore conclusive evidence of fraud.

"He met ex-Governor Moore and Clarence Cunningham here and was told by Moore that, but for his Glavis") action the land would have gone to patent.

"Glavis also discovered that, contrary to all practise, Cunningham and other claimants had received informed other claimants had received informed.

patent.

"Glavis also discovered that, contrary to all practise, Cunningham and other claimants had received information as to what field agents of the department were doing. Cunningham said he had copies of all the papers on file and there was nothing in that to prevent the lands going to patent."

Mr. Brandeis claimed that when Glavis finally was directed to make a full and thorough examination he was given only two months, and said it would be limpossible to have prepared the government's ease against the

would be impossible to have prepared the government's case against the claimants in that time.

The attorney again was interrupted and asked to outline the specific charges against Secy. Ballinger.

BRANDEIS IS INTERRUPTED BRANDEIS IS INTERRUPTED.

"It appears, first," said Mr. Brandeis,
"that Mr. Ballinger, while commissioner of the land office, took an active
part in the controversy and investigation which arose as to the validity of
the Alaska coal lands, and, by ordering some of the claims to patent, acquired knowledge of importance.
"He personally acted and took part
in action of the department relating to
the investigation of these claims, which
we assert, were fraudulent.
"This having been the case, when
he ceased to be commissioner he took
the position as counsel for some of
these claimants."

SUTHERLAND ASKS A QUESTION.

SUTHERLAND ASKS A QUESTION.

Senator Sutherland of Utah inter-rupted: "You do not claim that Ballinger

Skin of Beauty is a Joy Forever.



on T. HOPKINS. Pron. 37 Great Jones Street, New York

acted corruptly as commissioner, but that he made improper use of the information which he had obtained?"
"That is not all," replied the attorney. "The fact that he acted at all with reference to the continuance of the contest was not consistent with he highest conduct as an officer of the government."
"Then you claim he acted corruptly, or improperly?" asked Senator Sutherland.

"Yes-improperly; that he acted without due regard to the interest of the government while commissioner. Also that he acted improperly after-ward in taking employment from the claimants who had been before him as

claimants who had been before him as commissioner.

"We claim that Ballinger's action, as it was reported, was improper in his failure to investigate thoroughly the Alaska claims. That he acted improperly in ordering these claims to patent, and we charge that they were on the road to patent, with undue haste, when Glavis intervened and saved them.

"That he acted improperly in allowing the Alaska claimants to see all the papers on file in the department. Cunningham said in a letter on file at Juneau that Commissioner Ballinger gave him the papers."

"You are aware," interrupted Representative Olmstead, "that Seey, Ballinger specifically denies all this?"

"Yes," replied Mr. Brandels, "and we will ask you to consider all our statements in connection with this denial."

"Then," interjected Mr. Madison, "you do claim Mr. Ballinger acted corruptly?"

Mr. Brandels launched into a reply

Brandels launched into a reply

ruptly?"

Mr. Brandels launched into a reply with some show of feeling:

"I have not used the word corruptly," he exclaimed in a high pitched voice. "I have desired to bring the facts before this committee I deem it a matter of great solemnity, and that no charge of corruption should be made. It is a matter for this committee, to determine whether the great trust of holding this land for the benefit of the people and for future generations is in safe hands. We make no charge except the charge of the facts. It is for you, then, to determine what the safety and the honor of the country demand."

In connection with the Wilson coal company case, Mr. Bandels charged that Bailinger acted as counsel, though his name did not appear in a case that involved perjury on the part of the claimants and a fraud upon the land laws.

WILL ASK FOR PAPERS.

Mr. Bandels said he would ask, from

Mr. Bandels said he would ask, from time to time, for the production of pa pers in the land office and interior de pers in the land office and Interior de-partment, and from special agents' of-fices in Seattle and elsewhere. He was directed to furnish the committee with a list of all papers desired, and he was assured they would be produced. Mr. Brandels promised that the investiga-tion now on would bring out more than was contained in the charges filed by Mr. Glavis with the president, that there are facts, statements and docu-ments not then in his possession. This ended the attorney's statement, and he resumed the examination of witnesses.

witnesses.

Glavis proceeded to tell of his conversation with young Charles D. Davis of Seattle, in which Davis said he would not make an affidavit, as he had been advised against it by Mr. Bal-

committee.
"No, sir," replied Glavis, "except that he is one of the claimants."
This called out a laugh.
Glavis said that Davis made this statement to him the first time he met In the discussion of the testin

TO-NIGHT ascarets 10c MEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP ALL

A Reliable CATARRH Remedy

Ely's Cream Balm It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased mem-brane resulting from



THE CLOCK.

There are Clocks and Clocks and we have been a long time trying to find out which is which. We have found out. Come and hear what we have learned and what ... Clock is.

Phone 65 For the





AS AN EXAMPLE

jambering, you should avail yourselves of at least a sample package of our perfectly laundered products. There is perfection of color and detail in each that's unexcelled.

TROY LAUNDRY, THE LAUNDRY OF QUALITY Both Phones 191. 165 MAIN ST.

Representative Granam, the Democratic members.

Senator Nelson sought to draw from the witness and his counsel the fact that they had no knowledge that Mr. Ballinger and his secretary, personally, received some letters addressel to the commissioner of the land office, and that this mail may have gone to other nersons.

the commissioner of the land office, and that this mail may have gone to other persons.

Representative Graham interrupted with the remark that he thought the burden of proof would be upon Mr. Ballinger in this connection. He thought that, in an important matter like this, the commissioner of the land office ought to know all that was going on, or to issue orders that he should know what was going on. "The burden is on him," concluded Representative Graham, to show that he did not know what was in these letters."

Senator Nelson in announcing an adjournment at 5:05 o'clock, endeavored to get permission to resume the sitting tomorrow afternoon, but several members of the committee said they had other duties, and the resumption of the inquiry was set for 10 o'clock Priday, when Glavis will continue his testimony.

Then a cold and a cough—let it run on—get pneumonia or consumption that's all. No matter how you get your cough don't neglect it—take Ballard's Horehound Syrup and you'll be over it in no time. The sure cure for coughs, colds bronchitis and all pulmonary discasses in young and old. Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept. 112 and 114 Scuth Main Street, Salt Lake City.



new medium-back is a feature.

"'White Fawn' Is Milled Exactly Right. It Makes Cook Chuckle With Delight."

SALT LAKE & JORDAN MILL & ELEVATOR CO.



A Warm Blazing **Fire**

Is always cheerful and this kind of weather is delightfully comfortable. The finest line of genuine piano finished mantels in the state. See what you are buying-don't select from a catalog.

Mantels complete from \$50 Up

The patent radiant grate was built especially with a view to economy and cleanliness.

ELIAS MORRIS & SONS COMPANY

Opposite South Gate, Temple Block

The "BURNING SUBJECT" is Fire Insurance

Home Fire Insurance **Company of Utah**

If not you should secure one immediately. WE GIVE YOU UNEXCELLED PROTECTION, PAY LOSSES PROMPTLY AND TREAT YOU RIGHT.

DIRECTORS.

Heber J. Grant, George Romeny. Joseph F. Smith, John R. Barnes,

John C. Cutler, John Henry Smith, L. S. Hills. Francis M. Lyman,

Thos. G. Webber, Chas. S. Burton, David Eccles, P. T. Farnsworth.

HEBER J. GRANT & COMPANY, General Agents. 22 So. Main Street. Salt Lake City, Utah.

The School Bond Election Will Be Held SATURDAY, JANUARY 29, 1910.

One poll in each Municipal Ward at the following

FIRST MUNICIPAL WARD-Room 202 City and County Building. SECOND MUNICIPAL WARD-64 Post Office

Place. THIRD MUNICIPAL WARD—High School Building, 1st North and 2nd West.

FOURTH MUNICIPAL WARD-Longfellow School, Corer J and 1st Avenue.

1st South between 4th and 5th East. THE POLLS WILL BE OPEN FROM 7 A. M. TO 7 P. M.

FIFTH MUNICIPAL WARD-Twelfth School,

Cut Down Your Electric

Light Bills by

In order to protect our customers against cheap and inferior lamps we buy only the best grades and take the added precaution to have them carefully inspected and tested by the Electrical Testing Laboratoies of New York City, before shipment from the factory to guard against defective or inferior lamps being included in the shipment.

We sell carbon lamps to our customers at the following prices: 8 candle-power and 16 candle-power 25c. 32 candle-power40c

When the lamps are burned out or blackened we exchange new ones the old ones at the following rates: 8 Candle-power and 16 candle-power 10c 32 Candlepower20c

We recommend that lamps be exchanged when they become black-ened even though they are not burned out. The blackened lamps use as much current but give much less light.

Utah Light & Railway Co

"Electricity for Everybody".

You Must BURN Clear Creek Lump

If you want the results of a perfect fuel

BAMBERGER

11 PHONES 161 Meighn St.

Established 1889

UTAH COMMERCIAL AND SAVINGS BANK

WM F. ARMSTRONG.....Presid BYRON GROOCasi Commercial Banking in all its Branches. Four per cent interest pad on savings deposits.

ACCOUNTS SOLICITED S. McCornick. Thos. R. Cutler, President. Vice Presiden THE UTAH NATIONAL BANK,

posits.

Convenient safety deposit boxes for rent.

RODNEY T. BADGER, Cashler. NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC

McCornick & Co.

BANKERS

R. G. DUN & CO. THE MERCANTILE AGENCY.

George Rust, General Manager, Idaho. Nevada, Utah and Wyoming. Office in Progress Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.

STATEBANK OF UTAH Established in 1890.

Solicits accounts of Banks, Firm and Individuals, and extends to cus-tomers every reasonable courtesy and facility.

DESERET NATIONAL BANK =

Salt Lake City, Utah.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY Capital.....\$500,000.00 Surplus.....\$500,000.00 OFFICERS.

L. S. HILLS, President.

NOHN C. CUTLER, Vice President.

H. S. YOUNG, Cashier.

E. S. HILLS, Asst. Cashier.

L. W. BURTON, Asst. Cashier. DIRECTORS.

John R. Barnes.
A. W. Carlson.
John C. Cutler,
Coorge Romney.
Parid Eccles.
L. B. Hills.
W. H. McIntre.
Francis M. Lyman.
Lyman. Safety Deposit Boxes For R

Merchants Bank 277 MAIN H P. Clark, President.
John J. Daly, V. P. A. H. Peabody
V. P. W. H. Shearman, Cashier.

THE DESERET SAVINGS BANK

DIRECTORS:

W. W. Riter, President; Ellas A. Smith, Casher; L. S. Hills, John R. Barnes, John C. Cutler, David Eccles, A. W. Carlson, George Romney, J. R. Winder, George Sutherland, Reed Smoot, W. F. James

4 per cent interest paid on savings.

WALKER BROS., Bankers

Absrobed the Salt Lake Branch Wells-Purgo & Co.'s Bank.

Continental National Bank Capital \$250,000,00

Every branch of a modern bank J. E. Cosgriff Pres. W. P. Noble Vice-Pres. T. W. Boyer Cashier.



Sair Lake City

Fresh Strength and New Life Boxes 10c. and 25c., with full directions.

Just a few doses will regulate your out-of-order Kidneys.

A real surprise awaits every sufferer

| March | Ma

It is needless to feel miserable and worried, because this unusual preparation goes at once to the out-of-order kidneys and urinary system, distributing its cleansing, healing and strengthening influence directly upon the organs and glands affected, and completes the cure before you realize it.

Your physician, pharmacist, banker or any mercantile agency will tell you that Pape, Thompson & Pape, of Cincinnati, is a large and responsible medicine concern, thoroughly worthy of your confidence.

The moment you suspect kidney matism, begin taking this harmless or urinary disorder, or feel any rheu-

Weak? Tired? Run-down?